



# Stanford CS193p

Developing Applications for iOS  
Winter 2017





# Today

- Autolayout

  - Review

  - Size Classes

  - Demos





# Autolayout

- You've seen a lot of Autolayout already

  - Using the dashed blue lines to try to tell Xcode what you intend

  - Reset to Suggested Constraints (if the blue lines were enough to unambiguously set constraints)

  - Size Inspector (look at (and edit!) the details of the constraints on the selected view)

  - Clicking on a constraint to select it then bring up Attributes Inspector (to edit its details)

- What else?

  - Ctrl-dragging can be done between views, not just to the edges

  - There are "pin" and "arrange" menus in the lower right corner of the storyboard

  - Document Outline is the place to go to resolve conflicting constraints

- Mastering Autolayout requires experience

  - You just have to do it to learn it

- Autolayout can be done from code too

  - Though you're probably better off doing it in the storyboard wherever possible





# Autolayout

- What about rotation?

Sometimes rotating changes the geometry so drastically that autolayout is not enough  
You actually need to reposition the views to make them fit properly

- Calculator

For example, what if we had 20 buttons in a Calculator?  
It might be better in Landscape to have the buttons 5 across and 4 down  
Versus in Portrait have them 4 across and 5 down

- View Controllers might want this in other situations too

For example, your MVC is the master of a side-by-side split view  
In that case, you'd want to draw just like a Portrait iPhone does

- The solution? Size Classes

Your View Controller always exists in a certain "size class" environment for width and height  
Currently this is either **Compact** or **Regular** (i.e. not compact)





# Autolayout

## • iPhone

iPhones in Portrait are Compact in width and Regular in height

But in Landscape, most iPhones are treated as Compact in both dimensions

## • iPhone 6+ and 7+

The iPhone Plus in Portrait orientation is also Compact in width and Regular in height

But in Landscape, it is Compact in height and Regular in width

## • iPad

Always Regular in both dimensions

An MVC that is the master in a side-by-side split view will be Compact width, Regular height

## • Extensible

This whole concept is extensible to any “MVC’s inside other MVC’s” situation (not just split view)

An MVC can find out its size class environment via this method in UIViewController ...

```
let mySizeClass: UIUserInterfaceSizeClass = self.traitCollection.horizontalSizeClass
```

The return value is an enum `.compact` or `.regular` (or `.Unspecified`).





# Size Classes

	Compact Width	Regular Width
Compact Height	iPhones (non-Plus) in Landscape	iPhone Plus in Landscape
Regular Height	iPhones in Portrait or Split View Master	iPads Portrait or Landscape





# Size Classes

Compact Width

Regular Width

Compact Height

0				
x	π	7	8	9
+	e	4	5	6
+	√	1	2	3
-	cos	.	0	=

0				
x	π	7	8	9
÷	e	4	5	6
+	√	1	2	3
-	cos	.	0	=

Regular Height

0			
x	÷	+	-
π	7	8	9
e	4	5	6
√	1	2	3
cos	.	0	=

0			
x	÷	+	-
π	7	8	9
e	4	5	6
√	1	2	3
cos	.	0	=

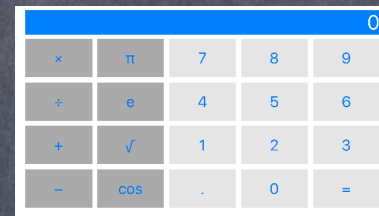




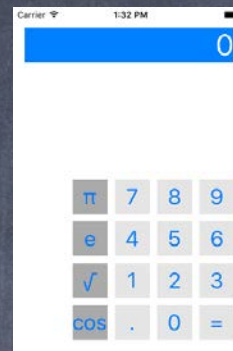
# Size Classes

Compact Width    **Any Width**    Regular Width

Compact Height



**Any Height**



Regular Height





# Demo

- Calculator

Let's make our Calculator adjust to the size class environment it's in

